

## SUPPORTING SUSTAINABLE TOURISM





Fonds Européen de Développement Régional



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Fonds européen de développement régional



# Dish of the day

Review of previous session

CSR

Workshop

Major themes

# Review of workshop 1





The impacts of tourism on the climate and vice-versa



Empreinte carbone Tourisme durable CSR/ sustainable development goals

The environment of my structure

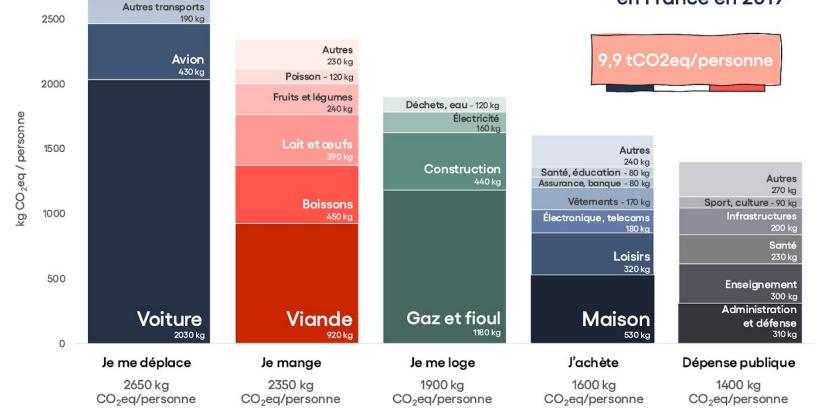






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#### Empreinte carbone moyenne en France en 2019



Gaz inclus : CO2 (hors UTCATF France), CH4, N2O, HFC, SF6, PFC, H<sub>2</sub>O (trainées de condensation).

Source : MyCO2 par Carbone 4 d'après le ministère de la Transition écologique, le Haut Conseil pour le Climat, le CITEPA, Agribalyse V3 et INCA 3.

# 2

Corporate social responsibility and sustainable development goals

#### SETTING UP A CSR APPROACH



Corporate social responsibility (CSR)

CSR means all the practices set up by organisations in order to comply with the principles of sustainable development:

# Be economically viable# Have a positive impact on society# Respect the environment

Based on the ISO 26000 standard: "The responsibility of an organisation for the impacts of its decisions and activities on society and the environment, through transparent and ethical behaviour"

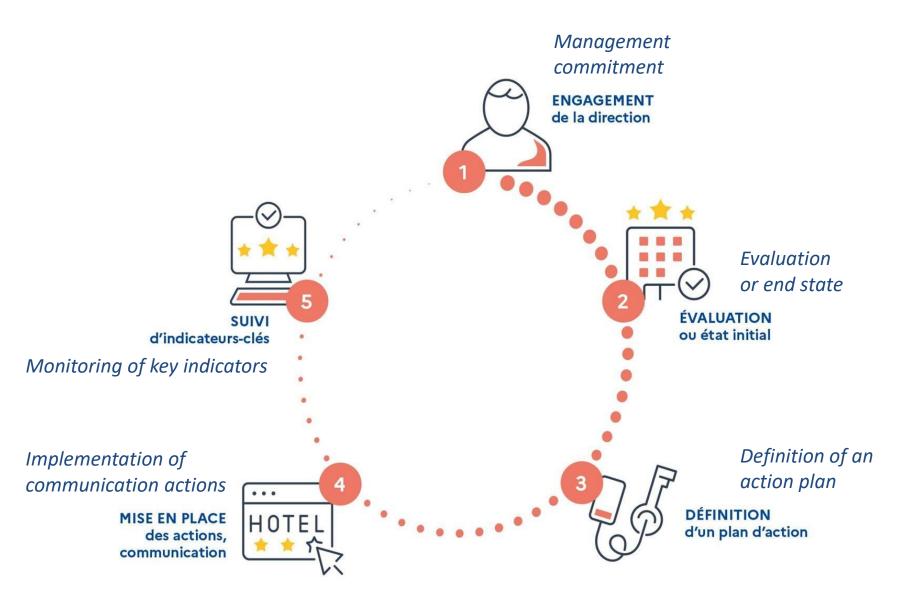
#### ENGAGING WITH SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AIMS



- Comply with the law and anticipate future regulations
- Reduce operating costs and increase gross margins
- Build loyalty and attract new customers
- Motivate and unit teams (corporate social responsibility)

- Improve working conditions
- Gain a competitive edge and improve your image
- Play an educational role
- Everyone plays their part in team effort

#### HOW TO TAKE A SUSTAINABLE APPROACH





### WORKSHOPS

My consumption Self-diagnostics What I am already doing

## "Reducing operating costs is twice as profitable as increasing your occupancy rate"

Hotels:

- 241 kWh/m2 per year
- €3.5 per room per night = energy costs
- 1.1 kg of non-recyclable waste per night

Campsites:

- 6.4 KWh on average per night in campsites
- 150 litres of water on average per person per day in France
- **BUT** 300 litres per night in a hotel 183 litres per night in a campsite
- 1.58 kg per day per inhabitants= in rich countries



Campsite surface area: 17,300 m2 In pitch spaces: 81 Nights: +/- 20,000 per year

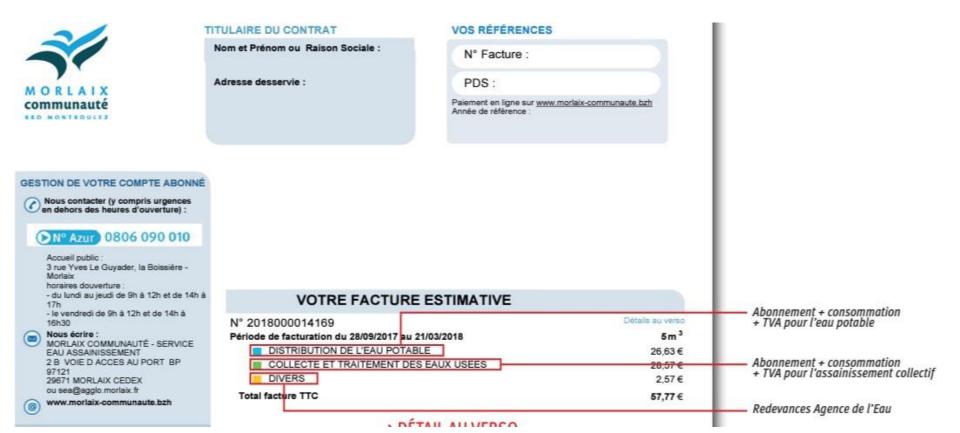
Water consumption per night: from 162.9 litres in 2008 to 101.2 in 2016, representing an annual gain of:  $\in$ 4,351 in value and 1,325 m3 of water  $\rightarrow$  99.6 litres in 2017

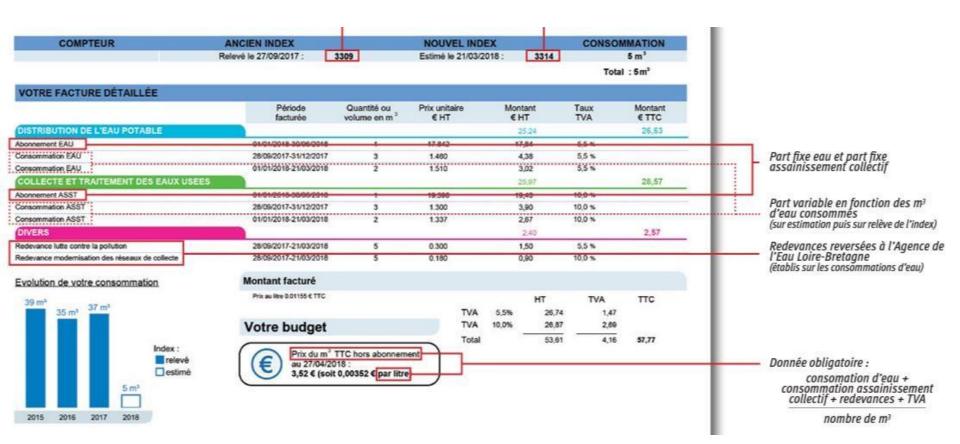
Electricity consumption per night in kWh: from 5.7 in 2008 to 2.9 in 2016, representing an annual gain of  $\in$ 6.515 in value and 56,000 kWh of electricity in volume  $\rightarrow$  2.9 kWh in 2017

Volume of household waste per night: from 8.8 litres in 2008 to 1.9 in 2016, representing an annual gain of:  $\in$  3,379 in value and 138,000 litres of waste  $\rightarrow$  1.4 litres in 2017

#### MY CONSUMPTION MORLAIX COMMUNAUTÉ WATER DEPARTMENT

- Drinking water: €2.86/m<sup>3</sup> based on a bill for 120 m<sup>3</sup> in 2020
- Public sanitation services: €2.53/m<sup>3</sup> based on an a bill for 120 m<sup>3</sup>
- On-site sanitation services: €121 billed to users under periodic monitoring





	YES	NO	PARTLY
SOCIAL			
Do you participate in social inclusion?			
Is your personnel familiar with the structure's sustainable commitments?			
Are there any specific measures targeted at seasonal personnel?			
Do you have a training plan?			
Do you offer preferential rates or incentives across all social categories?			
Are you familiar with the label Tourism and People with Disabilities?			

ENERGY		
Do you know the total consumption of your facility?		
Do you know what your main consumption items are (accommodation, restaurant, sanitary facilities, etc.)?		
Have you installed low-consumption bulbs?		
Do you use occupancy sensors or time switches in appropriate areas?		
Does your structure have double glazing?		
Do you have sufficient insulation?		
Do you use renewable energy sources?		
Do you have a heating control system and/or an air-conditioning control system?		
Are appliances in rooms (televisions, refrigerators) <b>switched off</b> between occupancies (i.e. not left on stand-by)?		
Are front desk/reception appliances switched off at the end of the day (computer, printer etc.)?		
Is energy efficiency taken into account when purchasing equipment?		
Are there any posters or brochures encouraging customers to save energy?		

WATER		
Do you think your wastewater system is in line with regulations?		
Do you monitor consumption?		
Do you know how much your customers consume?		
Do you check for leaks?		
Have you installed water-saving sanitary ware (taps, toilets, urinals, etc.)?		
Do you monitor how much water is used in your facilities?		
Do you harvest rainwater for toilet flushing for example?		
Do you water plants early in the morning and/or late in the evening?		
Do you ask your customers if they wish to keep their towel for another night?		
Do you use eco-friendly detergent?		
Do you use hazardous products (phytosanitary products, bleach, etc.)?		

WASTE		
Is selective waste sorting in place in each room?		
Do customers sort their waste?		
Do you provide sorting instructions?		
Do you collect special waste (batteries, food oils, cartridges, toxic products, medication, paint, solvents, etc.)?		
Do you have a composting area?		
Do you endeavour to limit waste production at source (scrap paper, recovering brochures, re-using items, etc.)?		
TRANSPORT		
Can customers without a car reach your facility without too much difficulty?		
Do you tell customers about the various methods of (non-car) transport available in the region?		
Do you have bikes available for guests?		
Do you have information on cycle tracks, pedestrian access and walking trails?		

PURCHASING		
Do you take environmental criteria into account?		
Do you buy recycled or certified paper?		
Do you make sure to buy eco-certified products?		
Do you choose reduced-waste products?		
Do you check the origin of products you buy in shops/delicatessens?		
Do you buy local seasonal produce?		
Do you restrict the volume of disposable products?		
Do you restrict the volume of individual packaging?		
Do you purchase in bulk?		
Do you work with "green" service providers?		
BIODIVERSITY AND LANDSCAPE		
Do you use local species in your planting schemes?		
Do you use phytosanitary products?		
Do you use mulching techniques?		
Have you created biodiversity spaces (bug hotel, beehives, natural grassland, wildflower meadows, etc.)?		

- Front desk, reception
- Building maintenance and technical facility management (sanitary facilities, heating, etc.)
- Accommodation
- Entertainment
- Kitchen
- Bar restaurant
- Green spaces
- On-site shop and selling products

## MAJOR THEMES

4

# energy # water # waste
# biodiversity # purchasing # mobility # social

#### ENERGY

2021 energy price comparator

- Solar energy: €0 / kWh
- Wood chips: €0.032 / kWh
- Logs: €0.045 / kWh
- Geothermal heat pump: €0.069 / kWh
- Wood pellets (bulk): €0.069 / kWh
- Wood pellets (bag): €0.078 / kWh
- Air-to-water heat pump: €0.082 / kWh
- Gas: €0.086 / kWh
- Domestic heating oil: €0.090 / kWh
- Oil: €0.117 / kWh
- Electricity: €0.182 / kWh
- Densified wood pellets: €0.182 / kWh
- Propane gas: €0.198 / kWh

#### ENERGY

Energy with no fossil fuel emissions:

- Solar energy
- Wood chips
- Logs
- Wood pellets
- Densified wood pellets

Energy classification by fossil fuel emissions:

- Wind: 12 g / kWh
- Nuclear: 16 g / kWh
- Geothermal heat pump: 47 g / kWh
- Air-to-water heat pump: 60 g / kWh
- Electricity: 154 g / kWh
- Mains gas: 206 g / kWh
- Propane gas: 231 g / kWh
- Oil: 267 g / kWh
- Domestic heating oil: 271 g / kWh

Green energy providers (in France):

https://www.guide-electricite-verte.fr/?\_ga=2.1217009.1973261610.1642622905-904166016.1642622905



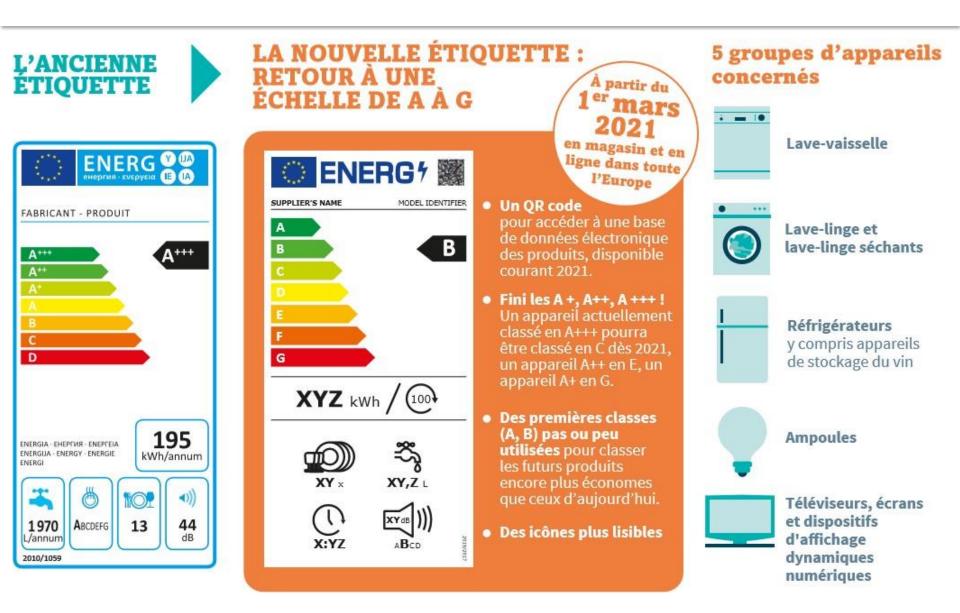
#### EXAMPLE IN A HOTEL

Generally speaking, energy consumption accounts for 60% of the carbon footprint of a hotel and represents 6-10% of its revenue, the fastest rising overhead in the hotel sector in general

	Share of total energy consumption
Heating, air-conditioning and ventilation	40-45%
Kitchen appliances (ovens, cold rooms, etc.)	10-25%
Production of domestic hot water	10-20%
Electrical equipment in rooms (lighting, television, etc.)	5-10%
Outdoor and indoor lighting	3-10%
Computer equipment (computers, printer, etc.)	2-5%
Laundry	0-10%

Source: Carbon audit of the Accor Hotels Group (April 2016)

**ENERGY** 



#### Identified for you





276 m2 of photovoltaic panels in sanitary and storage facilities. Annual output: 45 MWh Cost €40K Paid off in 12 years

45 m2 of thermal solar panels covering 95-98% of domestic hot water requirements. Paid off in 5 years

#### Camping de la Fontaine du Hallate \*\* - Plougoumelen (56)

**105 roof solar panels** and a 10 kWa **wind turbine**, unique for a campsite in France (42% of consumption) supplying mobile homes nearby (hot water, radiators, lighting, etc.)

6 solar panels heat water in communal sanitary facilities

Camping de la Torche – Plomeur (29)

#### Identified for you



Solar water heating

Le répit de l'Oust - PEILLAC (56)

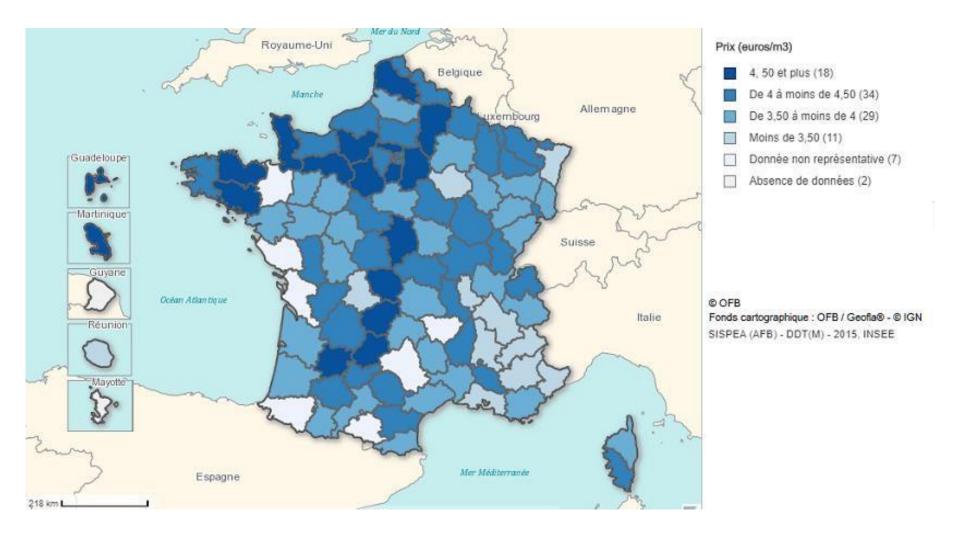


Two 110 kW wood-fired boilers (consumption: 150 t of wood per year) and a 50 m3 hopper for hot water & heating.

Total cost: €122.6 including ADEME grants: €25.3. Paid off in 6 years, €200k in estimated savings over 15 years.

Locally sourced wood chips

Hôtel de la mer – Brignogan (29)





Small le	aks make	big rivers.	
LES PETITES FUI	TES FONT LES (	GRANDES RIVIÈI	RES.
Robinet qui suinte	0,1 l/h	1 m³/an	soit près de 4 €/ar
Petit goutte à goutte	0,5 l/h	5 m³/an	20 €/ar
Robinet qui goutte	1,5 l/h	15 m³/an	60 €/ar
Fuite légère de chasse d'eau	3 l/h	30 m³/an	120 €/ar
Filet d'eau au robinet	10 l/h	90 m³/an	360 €/ar
Chasse d'eau qui coule	30 l/h	250 m³/an	1000 €/ar

oozing faucet small drip dripping faucets light flush leak water dripping from the faucet leaky flush



#### EXAMPLE IN A HOTEL

Generally speaking, water consumption accounts for over 10% of hotels' expenditure. A Carbon Audit calculates emissions from both consumption and wastewater treatment.

	Share of total water consumption
Showers, taps and toilets in rooms	40-45%
Kitchens and restaurants	15-25%
Public toilets and communal areas	15-20%
Laundry	0-15%
Watering of green spaces	0-10%
Swimming pool	0-5%

#### Water meters



#### Flowmeter



#### Suivi des consommations d'eau

Reportez vos relevés de consommation dans le tableau ci-dessous et calculez votre consommation

## Consumption patterns

Mois	Date	Relevé précédent	Relevé actuel	Consommation en m3	Coūt Unitaire*	Coût de la période
Janvier						
Février						
Mars						
Avril						
Mai						
Juin			-			
Juillet						
Août						
Septembre						
Octobre						
Novembre						
Décembre					0.0	
Année	1					

\* Prix unitaire hors abonnement et hors assainissement

#### Identified for you



Rationalising water consumption while maintaining convenience for guests.

Raising user awareness of water consumption via an indicator that changes colour as hot water is used.

https://www.eddo.io

Camping du Bugeau \*\*\* – Pornichet





Harvesting rainwater for toilet flushing

ARS to check if the project is feasible in your region. Local authorities must also be notified.

Le répit de l'Oust - PEILLAC (56)

#### Identified for you



Toilets with inbuilt basin From €250 excluding VAT

#### Reduce the volume of water by

placing water displacement devices in the toilet cistern From €25 excluding VAT



WASTE



**Recovery:** Re-use, recycling or other measure involving reusable materials or for energy generation (sole disposal route for packaging).

**Disposal:** All collection, transport, grouping, sorting, recovery, treatment and storage of final waste.

**Treatment:** Reduce potential initial pollution under controlled conditions and/or waste flows sent to landfill.

#### WASTE

Factors for a successful sorting and waste recovery policy



#### LE ZÉRO DÉCHET CHEZ SOI **5 GESTES SIMPLES**





#### REFUSER

Produits à usage unique Prospectus Publicité Goodies Tickets de caisse J

Dire "NON MERCI" Mettre un STOP PUB sur la boîte à lettres



RÉDUIRE Gaspillage alimentaire Emballages jetables Consommation

Acheter moins Prendre soin de ses affaires

Colis

Acheter en VRAC Acheter LOCAL Acheter d'occasion REPARER TROQUER, DONNER PARTAGER

d'énergie

RÉUTILISER

Ce qui peut avoir **UNE SECONDE VIE** 



Vêtements usés

#### **EN DERNIER RECOURS** ce qui ne peut être refusé, réduit ou réutilisé

Verre Papier

RECYCLER

Carton Métal Tissus Stylos Cartouches d'encre

Bouchons

Les DÉCHETS ORGANIQUES

COMPOSTER

Le reste

Alimentaire Bois Carton non souillé Feuilles et herbe

#### Include all waste types generated

Keep waste disposal areas clean and tidy

#### Offer waste sorting at source

Use colour coding: one colour per waste flow, from source to collection equipment, with visual aids.

Repeat sorting instructions throughout.

Talk to guests about sorting waste (when they arrive in particular).

Raise customer and staff awareness via fun, educational activities.

#### WASTE

#### MORLAIX COMMUNAUTÉ



## EN VACANCES, LIMITONS NOS DÉCHETS PAR LES ÉCO-GESTES

ON HOLYDAY, TAKE ECO-FRIENDLY STEPS TO LIMIT YOUR RUBBISH







CHOISISSONS UNE VAISSELLE RÉUTILISABLE AU JETABLE CHOOSE REUSABLE OR DISPOSABLE TABLEWARE

UTILISONS UNE GOURDE **REMPLIE D'EAU DU ROBINET** USE A CONTAINER FILLED WITH TAP-WATER

PARTONS FAIRE NOS ACHATS AVEC UN PANIER TAKE A BASKET ALONG WHEN YOU DO YOUR SHOPPING







#### **Identified for you**



Mini ecostation Hôtel de Diane \*\*\* - Sable d'Or les Pins (22)



Composting bins – Camping de la Fontaine du Hallate \*\* - Plougoumelen (56)





Sorting containers – Group *gîte* Répit de l'Oust – Peillac (56)

#### **Identified for you**



Book exchange in campsites along the Vendée coastline

3 tons of objects in "transit" from 25 partner campsites

#### WHAT ARE YOUR OBJECTIVES?

